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WILSON HAD SUPPORT OF WOMAN AND MOOSE VOTE

Western Progressives Turned
To Him Almost En Masse
But Not Those of East

PEACE WAS POWERFUL ISSUE WITH THE WOMEN

MOOSE AFRAID OF HUGHES.—
HYPHEN SHOT TO PIECES.
LABOR VOTE DIVIDED.

NEW HAMPSHIRE WILSON'S

Leads New England State by 63
Votes.—Gains in California with 17
Precincts Missing.—Hughes Drops
in Minnesota, but Still Maintains
Safe Lead.—Wilson is a majority
President.

New York.—On the returns up to
date President Wilson has received
8,508,085 votes and Mr. Hughes 8,090,
951. Mr. Wilson's popular plurality
is therefore 417,134. He is a majority
president, which he was not when he
went into office. In 1912 he received
6,293,419 votes.

It has been said that Mr. Hughes
received the votes of the most populous
states of the Union and Mr. Wilson
that of the less populous. There is not
so much difference as might be expected.
The states which voted for
Mr. Hughes had, according to the last
census, 45,901,739 inhabitants. Those
which voted for Mr. Wilson had 45,
737,643. The difference in Mr. Hughes'
favor is 164,096.

The latest returns from the close
states show the following results:

In California Wilson is leading by
3,431 votes, with a few scattering
precincts missing; in Minnesota, where
some of the militiamen's votes have
been counted, Hughes is still ahead
by 286 votes with 27 districts missing;
in North Dakota, with 14 districts missing,
Wilson leads by 963 votes; New
Hampshire, where the count has been
completed, gives Wilson a plurality of
63 votes.

From the reports of leading corre-
spondents in the different states on
the influence which brought about
Mr. Wilson's election it is possible to
get a clear idea of the part played by
the different group "votes" of which
so much was said before election, and
of the reasons which moved great
bodies of voters to the decision they
reached.

Progressives and the Women.

Two classes of voters, and two only,
accomplished the result. They were
not the German-Americans, the labor
vote, or any of the groups standing for
special interests. They were the Pro-
gressives and the women.

The split made in the Republican
party in 1910, which became a break
in 1912, was not mended at Chicago.
The dispatches now in the hands of
the papers indicate no probability of
its being mended until the cause for
it is taken away. From the Hudson
River to the Mississippi, the bolters
of 1912 were largely satisfied with
Hughes, but to the East and West of
those boundaries, especially to the
West, they were not. And it was the
West that decided the election.

In New York and Illinois the breach
was apparently healed; there is no
sign of anything to the contrary, and
the same thing seems true of the
states that generally follow the leader-
ship of these two. That, however,
was as far as Colonel Roosevelt was
able to bring about a reunion.

The Progressives of Kansas, Wash-
ington, California and the other West-
ern States have again defeated a Re-
publican the other wing of the party was
in control and made the nomination.
Minnesota and Wisconsin voted for
Hughes, but both have shown that they
are as progressive as ever, Minnesota
by accepting him so narrowly and
Wisconsin by LaFollette's victory.

The woman vote and the Progres-
sive vote telescope each other, for in
the critical states the women who
turned the election were largely Pro-
gressives. But the women voted as
women, too. The reports from the
states where women vote show that
the dream of solidifying woman as a
sex and swinging her vote this way
and that at the order of female politi-
cal leaders is shattered forever. But
the women did make up their minds
as women in many Western States,
and voted without regard either to
how the women politicians bade them
or to how their own men folks voted.



Woodrow Wilson

Popular Vote and Pluralities

Vote in 1912.			Vote in 1916.			Pluralities.		
Wilson.	Rep-Prog.	States.	Wilson.	Hughes.	Wilson.	Hughes.	Wilson.	Hughes.
82,439	32,420	Alabama	87,396	26,250	61,146	26,250	61,146	26,250
10,324	9,970	Arizona	29,641	19,363	10,278	19,363	10,278	19,363
68,838	45,970	Arkansas	96,110	46,347	49,763	46,347	49,763	46,347
283,436	287,524	California	466,106	462,828	3,278	462,828	3,278	462,828
114,223	130,692	Colorado	170,295	96,852	73,443	96,852	73,443	96,852
74,561	102,453	Connecticut	99,687	106,378	6,691	106,378	6,691	106,378
22,631	24,884	Delaware	25,255	26,634	1,379	26,634	1,379	26,634
36,417	8,814	Florida	60,000	12,000	48,000	12,000	48,000	12,000
93,171	27,200	Georgia	110,000	28,000	82,000	28,000	82,000	28,000
33,921	58,337	Idaho	70,000	55,000	15,000	55,000	15,000	55,000
405,048	640,091	Illinois	869,152	1,044,608	175,456	1,044,608	175,456	1,044,608
281,890	313,274	Indiana	333,588	340,882	7,294	340,882	7,294	340,882
185,325	281,624	Iowa	170,071	219,817	49,746	219,817	49,746	219,817
143,670	194,967	Kansas	315,780	278,152	37,628	278,152	37,628	278,152
219,584	218,278	Kentucky	189,348	162,333	27,015	162,333	27,015	162,333
60,966	13,157	Louisiana	68,000	9,000	59,000	9,000	59,000	9,000
51,113	75,038	Maine	64,027	69,660	5,633	69,660	5,633	69,660
112,674	112,742	Maryland	134,216	113,695	20,521	113,695	20,521	113,695
173,408	194,176	Massachusetts	247,753	268,138	20,385	268,138	20,385	268,138
150,751	366,828	Michigan	231,161	302,488	71,327	302,488	71,327	302,488
106,426	190,190	Minnesota	178,548	178,800	250	178,800	250	178,800
57,114	5,138	Mississippi	91,000	5,000	86,000	5,000	86,000	5,000
330,746	332,192	Missouri	372,841	345,415	27,426	345,415	27,426	345,415
27,941	40,968	Montana	87,124	59,788	27,336	59,788	27,336	59,788
109,008	126,905	Nebraska	118,428	90,743	27,685	90,743	27,685	90,743
7,968	8,816	Nevada	12,448	9,842	2,606	9,842	2,606	9,842
34,724	50,721	New Hampshire	43,767	43,724	63	43,724	63	43,724
178,289	234,245	New Jersey	200,853	262,080	61,227	262,080	61,227	262,080
20,437	26,080	New Mexico	31,874	28,880	2,994	28,880	2,994	28,880
455,573	845,580	New York	766,710	876,172	109,462	876,172	109,462	876,172
144,507	98,269	North Carolina	158,000	110,000	48,000	110,000	48,000	110,000
29,635	48,816	North Dakota	54,279	53,154	1,125	53,154	1,125	53,154
423,152	506,393	Ohio	578,000	496,720	81,280	496,720	81,280	496,720
119,156	90,786	Oklahoma	140,000	110,000	30,000	110,000	30,000	110,000
47,064	72,273	Oregon	113,688	124,526	10,838	124,526	10,838	124,526
395,619	729,731	Pennsylvania	510,747	695,734	184,987	695,734	184,987	695,734
30,142	44,581	Rhode Island	39,353	44,159	4,806	44,159	4,806	44,159
48,355	1,829	South Carolina	68,000	1,500	66,500	1,500	66,500	1,500
48,942	58,811	South Dakota	45,449	50,892	5,443	50,892	5,443	50,892
130,335	113,169	Tennessee	138,647	97,553	41,094	97,553	41,094	97,553
221,589	55,608	Texas	230,000	75,000	155,000	75,000	155,000	75,000
36,579	66,274	Utah	81,850	52,925	28,925	52,925	28,925	52,925
15,350	45,375	Vermont	23,100	39,600	16,500	39,600	16,500	39,600
90,332	45,065	Virginia	60,107	21,132	38,975	21,132	38,975	21,132
86,840	184,143	Washington	200,000	185,000	15,000	185,000	15,000	185,000
113,197	135,866	West Virginia	118,332	120,365	2,033	120,365	2,033	120,365
164,409	189,539	Wisconsin	180,465	204,418	23,953	204,418	23,953	204,418
15,310	23,792	Wyoming	27,617	19,998	7,619	19,998	7,619	19,998

6,293,117 7,604,594. Totals 8,508,728 8,091,547 1,173,590 756,418

Popular plurality for President Wilson on present returns, 417,172.

Gain over popular vote in 1912, on present returns, 1,216,726.

Note.—All the returns shown in this table, with the exception of those from New Hampshire are unofficial and, with the exception of returns from New Jersey, Oregon, and Vermont, incomplete.

ELECTORAL VOTE.			How Wilson Led His Ticket.		
Wilson	Hughes	States	Wilson	Governor	States
Alabama	12	..	Arkansas	96,110	93,562
Arizona	3	..	Colorado	158,257	145,156
Arkansas	9	..	Delaware	25,255	23,987
California	13	..	Florida	60,000	31,250
Colorado	6	..	Idaho	70,000	60,500
Connecticut	7	..	Illinois	869,152	521,207
Delaware	3	..	Indiana	333,588	324,833
Florida	6	..	Iowa	170,071	148,843
Georgia	14	..	Kansas	315,780	198,000
Idaho	4	..	Maine	64,027	67,219
Illinois	29	..	Michigan	231,161	192,825
Indiana	15	..	Massachusetts	247,763	230,192
Iowa	13	..	Montana	87,124	75,931
Kansas	10	..	Nebraska	118,428	117,839
Kentucky	13	..	New Jersey	200,853	165,605
Louisiana	10	..	New Mexico	31,874	27,065
Maine	6	..	New York	766,710	697,007
Maryland	8	..	North Dakota	54,279	19,458
Massachusetts	18	..	Rhode Island	39,353	25,384
Michigan	12	..	Tennessee	138,647	131,974
Minnesota	10	..	Texas	230,000	200,000
Mississippi	10	..	Utah	81,850	77,465
Missouri	18	..	Vermont	23,100	15,212
Montana	3	..	Washington	200,000	160,287
Nebraska	4	..	West Virginia	118,332	120,208
Nevada	3	..	Wisconsin	180,415	171,783
New Hampshire	4	..	Wyoming	27,617	19,998
New Jersey	14	..			
New Mexico	3	..			
New York	45	..			
North Carolina	12	..			
North Dakota	5	..			
Ohio	24	..			
Oklahoma	10	..			
Oregon	5	..			
Pennsylvania	38	..			
Rhode Island	5	..			
South Carolina	9	..			
South Dakota	5	..			
Tennessee	12	..			
Texas	20	..			
Utah	4	..			

Hughes' Lead Cut in Minnesota. St. Paul, Minn.—Hughes' lead over Wilson was cut down to 233 by added soldiers' votes and a net gain of 44 over previous returns from Sibley county. The latest count is Wilson 178,758; Hughes 178,951.

REPUBLICANS SURE OF HOUSE CONTROL

WILL HAVE A MAJORITY OF ONLY
SEVEN MEMBERS OVER THE
DEMOCRATS.

THREE DISTRICTS IN DOUBT

Votes of Members of Minor Parties
Which Have a Total of Nine Votes,
Might Prevent Election of Speaker
Mann.

The line-up of the House of Repre-
sentatives in the next, or Sixty-fifth
Congress as far as shown by returns
to date, will be as follows:

Republicans	217
Democrats	210
Prohibitionist who will act gener- ally with the Democrats	1
Socialist, who will act generally with the Democrats	1
Independent, who will attend the Republican caucus	1
Protectionist, who will attend the Republican caucus	1
Progressive, who will act gener- ally with the Republicans	1
Doubtful (one in New Mexico and two in Pennsylvania)	3

Total membership..... 435

Line-up By States.

State	Rep.	Dem.	Others.
Alabama	10	..	..
Arizona	1	..	..
Arkansas	7	..	..
California	6	4	1
Colorado	1	3	..
Connecticut	4	1	..
Delaware	1	..	..
Florida	4	1	..
Georgia	2	12	..
Idaho	2	..	..
Illinois	21	6	..
Indiana	9	4	..
Iowa	11	..	..
Kansas	3	5	..
Kentucky	2	9	..
Louisiana	7	1	..
Maine	4	..	..
Massachusetts	11	4	1
Maryland	2	4	..
Michigan	12	1	..
Minnesota	8	1	1
Mississippi	..	8	..
Missouri	2	14	..
Montana	1	1	..
Nebraska	3	3	..
New Hampshire	2	..	..
Nevada	1	..	..
New Jersey	10	2	..
New Mexico	..	1	..
New York	26	16	1
North Carolina	9	1	..
North Dakota	3	..	..
Ohio	9	13	..
Oklahoma	2	6	..
Oregon	3	..	..
Pennsylvania	29	5	2
Rhode Island	2	1	..
South Carolina	7	..	..
South Dakota	2	1	..
Tennessee	2	8	..
Texas	18	..	..
Utah	2	..	..
Vermont	2	..	..
Virginia	1	9	..
Washington	4	1	..
West Virginia	4	1	..
Wisconsin	11	..	..
Wyoming	1	..	..

Total..... 216 210 9

Doubtful—North Carolina, 1; New Mexico, 1; Pennsylvania, 2. Total, 4.

Total membership, 435.

Progressive.

Independent.

Socialist.

SENATORS ELECTED.

Arizona—Henry F. Ashurst, Dem.
Arkansas—William F. Kirby, Dem.
California—Hiram W. Johnson, Rep.
Connecticut—Geo. P. McLean, Rep.
Delaware—Josiah O. Walcott, Dem.
Florida—Park M. Trammell, Dem.
Indiana—Short term: James E. Watson, Rep. Long term: Harry S. New, Rep.

Maine—Long term: Frederick Hale, Short term: Bert M. Fernald, (Both Republicans, elected in September).

Maryland—Joseph I. France, Rep.

Massachusetts—*Henry Cabot Lodge, Rep.

Michigan—*Charles E. Townsend, Rep.

Minnesota—Frank B. Kellogg, Rep.

Mississippi—John Sharp Williams, Dem.

Missouri—*James A. Reed, Dem.

Montana—*Henry L. Myers, Dem.

Nebraska—*G. M. Hitchcock, Dem.

Nevada—*Key Pittman, Dem.